Neurosurg Clin N Am. 2019 Apr;30(2):219-230. doi: 10.1016/j.nec.2018.12.005.

Vagus Nerve Stimulation for the Treatment of Epilepsy

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PMID: 30898273

PMCID: PMC6432928

• DOI: 10.1016/j.nec.2018.12.005

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30898273/

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Abstract

Vagus nerve stimulation (VNS) was the first neuromodulation device approved for treatment of epilepsy. In more than 20 years of study, VNS has consistently demonstrated efficacy in treating epilepsy. After 2 years, approximately 50% of patients experience at least 50% reduced seizure frequency. Adverse events with VNS treatment are rare and include surgical adverse events (including infection, vocal cord paresis, and so forth) and stimulation side effects (hoarseness, voice change, and cough). Future developments in VNS, including closed-loop and noninvasive stimulation, may reduce side effects or increase efficacy of VNS.

Keywords: Epilepsy; Epilepsy surgery; Neuromodulation; Seizures; Vagus nerve stimulator.

Conflict of interest statement

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

The Authors have nothing to disclose.